

Monitoring report form for CDM programme of activities (Version 03.0)

MONITORING REPORT				
Title of the PoA	Household energy appliance pr	rogramme		
UNFCCC reference number of the PoA	10030			
Version numbers of the PoA-DD applicable to this monitoring report	21			
Version number of this monitoring report	03.0			
Completion date of this monitoring report	05/06/2020			
Monitoring period number	First Monitoring Period			
Duration of this monitoring period	10/03/2016 to 29/02/2020 ¹			
Monitoring report number for this monitoring period	01			
Coordinating/managing entity	Differ Cookstoves AS			
	Host Party of the PoA	Is this the host Party of a CPA covered in this monitoring report? (yes/no)		
	Myanmar	No		
Host Parties	Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste	No		
	Lao PDR	Yes		
	Cambodia	Yes		
	Kenya	No		
	Uganda	No		
Applied methodologies and standardized baselines	AMS-I.A Electricity generation by the user, Version 16 AMS-II.G Energy efficiency measures in thermal applications of non-renewable biomass, Version 6			
Sectoral scopes	Sectoral Scopes: 01, 03			
Amount of GHG emission reductions or	Amount achieved	Amount achieved		

¹ CERs are being claimed only for the period between 08/01/2020 – 29/02/2020 (both days included)

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net anthropogenic GHG removals achieved by all CPAs covered in this	before 1 January 2013	from 1 January 2013
monitoring report in this monitoring period	0	523
Amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DDs for the CPAs covered in this monitoring report	986	

PART I Monitoring of programme of activities (PoA)

SECTION A. Description of PoA

A.1. General description of PoA

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The proposed PoA aims to distribute solar lighting systems (lanterns, home systems) and improved cook stoves to households in Myanmar, Timor-Leste, Lao PDR, Cambodia, Kenya and Uganda. Differ Cookstoves AS (Differ Cookstoves), is the Coordinating / Managing Entity (CME) for all the component project activities (CPAs) in the PoA.

The CPAs covered under this monitoring report involve distribution of improved cookstoves to households which prior to project implementation relied on inefficient three stone fire or similar traditional cookstoves thereby resulting in saving in terms of non renewable biomass consumed and hence leading to reduction in greenhouse gases. Ecoeye Co., Ltd. (Ecoeye) and Korea Zinc Co. Ltd. (Korea Zinc) have fully financed all improved cooking stoves distributed to the households..

A.1.1. Corresponding generic component project activities (CPAs)

Title and reference number of the corresponding generic CPA	Version of the PoA-DD	Sectoral scopes	Applied methodologies and standardized baselines
Household appliance distribution in [insert country name]-CPA XXX	21	1 & 3	AMS-I.A: "Approved small scale methodology: Electricity generation by the user" (Version 16.0) AMS-II.G: "Approved small scale methodology: Energy efficiency measures in thermal applications of non-renewable biomass" (Version 06.0)

A.1.2. CPAs included in the PoA

Title and UNFCCC reference number of the CPA	Version of the PoA-DD	Title and reference number of the corresponding generic CPA	Crediting period type and duration	Covered in this monitoring report? (yes/no)
Household appliance distribution in Timor- Leste 10030-P1-0001-CP1 Version 13	18	Household appliance distribution in [insert country name]-CPA XXX	Renewable 10/03/2016– 09/03/2023	no
Household appliance distribution in Myanmar - CPA002 10030-P1-0002-CP1 Version 03	18	Household appliance distribution in [insert country name]-CPA XXX	Renewable 08/01/2020-07/01/2027	no

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Household appliance distribution in Lao PDR - CPA003 10030-P1-0003-CP1 Version 03.1	21		Yes
Household appliance distribution in Cambodia – CPA004 10030-P1-0004-CP1 Version 03.1	21	Household appliance distribution in [insert country name]-CPA XXX	Yes

A.2. Coordinating/managing entity

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Differ Cookstoves AS is the CME of the PoA and is responsible for all communications with the Executive Board.

SECTION B. Implementation of PoA

B.1. Description of implemented PoA

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The PoA- "Household energy appliance programme" is a voluntary initiative aimed at providing energy efficiency technologies to households.

The PoA allows implementation of following technologies

1. Solar lighting systems (lanterns / home systems):

New solar photovoltaic based renewable electricity generation units (greenfield installations) that produce electricity all of which is used for lighting on-site/locally by households.

2. Efficient cook stoves:

Introduction of high efficiency biomass fired cook stoves in households

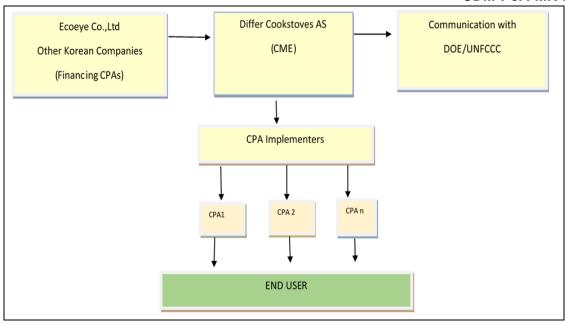
OR a Combination of solar lighting systems and efficient cookstoves.

The CPAs included in this monitoring report belong to the second one that is installation/distribution of improved cookstoves to households.

Differ Cookstoves AS is the Coordinating / Managing Entity (CME) for the PoA and is the overall in-charge for operational and management arrangements for the implementation of the PoA. It was primarily involved in the following activities with respect to implementation of the PoA as well as monitoring of the emission reduction claimed under the present monitoring plan.

- Creating PoA documentation (forms F-CDM-SSC-PoA-DD and F-CDM-SSC-CPA-DD)
- Checking for compliance of CPAs with inclusion eligibility criteria
- Obtaining a Letter of Authorization from the host country
- Obtaining a Letter of Approval from the host country and the Annex I party involved for the CPA
- Coordinating and communicating with the validating/verifying DoE and the EB
- Conducting training and capacity building exercises for personnel of CPA implementing bodies for data monitoring, recording and reporting in accordance with CPA-DD, as well as equipment use/maintenance/repair, sales and financial management
- Periodically collecting data on monitoring parameters from CPA implementing bodies as per the monitoring plan defined in the respective CPA-DD
- Drafting monitoring reports for all CPAs in accordance with the methodology outlined in the PoA-DD
- Requesting the UNFCCC to issue CERs into a registry account of the CER buyer(s)

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PoA Management Structure

User information such as name, address, etc along with stove registration details have been maintained in the form of CPA database for individual CPAs. Through this document end users of a stove can be traced with the help of stove registration number.

Installed Technology For both CPAs included under this monitoring activity, same model of improved cookstoves-SSM-S32-13 were distributed to households which were using three stone fire or iron tri pod prior to implementation of project activity. The project stoves are portable stoves giving user the advantage of using it in a place of their choice and convenience. These stoves have a manufacturer specified efficiency of 38.5% as compared to 10% efficiency of the baseline stoves. Further technical details of the stove have been included in section C below.

Monitoring and Sampling

A seperate sampling plan was applied for each CPA and subsequently monitoring was carried out individually for each. The parameters that were monitored and their sampling details have been included in section E below.

Data was collected from households randomly selected amongst the target population thus the selected samples are representative of the population.

The preparation of monitoring report, verification and communication with CDM Executive Board has been undertaken by the CME.

CPA inclusion/implementation details

10030-P1-0003-CP1 (Lao PDR)

CPA inclusion date	08-01-2020
Crediting period	08/01/2020 to 07/01/2027
Current Monitoring period	
Start Date	10/03/2016
End Date	29/02/2020
Period for which CERs are being claimed	08/01/2020 to 20/02/2020
Number of Days	53
Total stoves recorded in database	851

10030-P1-0004-CP1 (Cambodia)

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CPA inclusion date	08-01-2020
Crediting period	08/01/2020 to 07/01/2027
Current Monitoring period	
Start Date	10/03/2016
End Date	29/02/2020
Period for which CERs are being claimed	08/01/2020 to 20/02/2020
Number of Days	53
Total stoves recorded in database	195

B.2. Post-registration changes to PoA

B.2.1. Corrections

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PRC-10030-001

Approval date-25th July 2019

Approach to determine Bold

The applied methodology AMS II.G., version 06 gives 3 options for determining Bold value.

- (a) Estimated as the average annual consumption of woody biomass per device (tonnes/year). This may be derived from historical data or a sample survey of local usage;
- (b) Calculated from the thermal energy generated in the project activity
- (c)A default value of 0.5 tonnes per capita per year may be used

In Section I.6.1, the registered PoA made it mandatory to use option (a) for determining B_{old} for Charcoal cookstoves and option (c) for determining B_{old} value for wood fuel cook stoves. This condition has been corrected and now either of options (a) or (c) can be used for determining B_{old} value for wood fuel cook stoves.

Accordingly, the parameter table in Section I.6.2 for parameter B old is updated to reflect the corrections made above.

Section I.4 Project boundary, sources and greenhouse gases

During the registration, CO₂ was mistakenly excluded from project scenario under "*In case of CPAs involving deployment of efficient cook stoves*". The edit is made to correct the mistake.

B.2.2. Inclusion of monitoring plan

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Not applicable

B.2.3. Permanent changes to the registered monitoring plan, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines, or other methodological regulatory documents

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PRC-10030-001

Approval date: 25th July 2019

(i) The initial monitoring plan requires the monitoring to be conducted separately for each CPA. The revision is made to enable sampling by grouping of CPAs if the following requirement is met -

"Alternatively, for the CPAs implemented in the same country and applying the same combinations of methodologies, a single sampling plan covering a group of CPAs can be undertaken to collect the data required."

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- (ii) Revision is made on sample size calculation to demonstrate the use of Student's t-distribution where the parameter of interest is a numeric mean value (i.e. not a proportion or percentage) and the resulting sample size is less than 30.
- (iii)Requirement of reporting number of members in a household has been removed.
- (iv) Approach to determine By, saving

In Section I.6.1, under "In case of CPAs involving deployment of efficient cook stoves", the formula below is added to allow additional option to determine By,savings,i,a.

$$B_{y,savings,i,a} = B_{y=1,new,i,survey} \times (\frac{\eta_{new,i,a=1} \times \Delta \eta_{y,i,a}}{\eta_{old}} - 1)$$

Accordingly, the parameter table for B_{y=1,new,i,survey} is added in Section I.7.1.

PRC-10030-002

Approval Date-11/05/2020

1. Approach to determine B_{y,saving}

In the registered, approved PoA DD version 18, estimation of $\mathbf{B}_{y,saving}$ for Lao PDR was based on equation 5 of the applied methodology under Water Boiling Test option. Through this PRC, the CME has revised the option and now equation 6 of the applied methodology is proposed to be used for estimation of $\mathbf{B}_{y,saving}$.

Accordingly in Section I.7.1, choice of option for Lao PDR has been changed to 2, for parameter $\mathbf{B}_{y,saving,i,a}$ and for $\mathbf{B}_{y=1,new,i,survey}$, Lao PDR has been added.

2. Option to declare the value of $B_{y=1,new,i,survey}$ at the time of first verification.

The option of declaring $B_{y=1,new,i,survey}$ value at the time of first verification has been included keeping in mind the CPAs for which project stove installation begins after CPA inclusion hence the value $B_{y=1,new,i,survey}$ is not available at the time of inclusion.

B.2.4. Changes to programme design

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PRC-10030-001

Approval date-25th July 2019

(i) Expansion of the geographical coverage or to include additional host Parties

Lao PDR and Cambodia are included as additional boundary to the PoA and the relevant sections/information in PoA-DD are updated accordingly.

(ii)Changes to Project Participant

Withdrawal of Brighterlite Norway AS, as project Participant.

(iii)A revision to the eligibility criteria pertaining to the demonstration of additionality

During the registration, each CPA was considered as small-scale project activity and Methodological tool: "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities" was applied for the CPA. However, as each CPA being developed under the present PoA is envisaged to consist exclusively of units that can be defined as microscale CDM unit hence Methodological tool: Demonstration of Additionality of microscale project activities; version 09.0 is being applied for demonstration of additionality. Accordingly, section C of the PoA DD has been revised.

(iv)Revision in eligibility criteria for inclusion of CPA in section H.3 and K

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Addition of criteria as per paragraph 124 (m) and (n) of CDM project standard for programmes of activities; version 02.0; exempting CPAs consisting solely of microscale CDM units from demonstrating compliance with small scale or microscale threshold at the CPA level as well as conducting debundling check.

(v)Revision in eligibility criteria to remove criteria on Environmental Impact Analysis to be conducted at CPA level

Environmental Impact Analysis will be conducted at PoA level for each of the geographic boundary included in the programme, hence this criterion is being removed from the eligibility criteria for inclusion of CPAs.

(vi)Removal of applied methodology and standardized baselines from the PoA-DD

The PoA removes the application of methodology AMS-III.AV: Low greenhouse gas emitting safe drinking water production systems (version 4) and its standardized baselines from PoA-DD. In accordance with the removal of AMS-III.AV, the application of water filter is removed from PoA-DD.

(vii) Change of technologies/measures

The PoA removes the option to replace charcoal stoves, therefore only replacement of wood-fuel stoves will be considered under this PoA.

PRC-10030-002

Approval Date-11/05/2020

- 1. Expansion of the geographical coverage or to include additional host Parties Kenya and Uganda are included as additional boundary to the PoA and the relevant sections/information in PoA-DD are updated accordingly.
- 2. Revision to eligibility criteria pertaining to demonstration of additionality
 Application of figure 1 in appendix to Tool 21, 'Demonstration of additionality of small- scale project activities'
 (version 13.0) for demonstrating additionality of project activities which are not eligible for auto additionality
 under tool 19.

B.2.5. Changes specific to afforestation or reforestation activities

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Not applicable

PART II Monitoring of CPAs

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There are two specific case CPAs 10030-P1-0003-CP1 and 10030-P1-0004-CP1 which are included in this monitoring report. Monitoring for each specific CPA has been conducted individually.

SECTION C. Implementation of CPAs

C.1. Description of implemented CPAs

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The CPAs involve the distribution of improved cook stoves (ICS) to households in Lao People's Democratic Republic (Lao PDR) and Cambodia by C-Quest Capital Stoves Asia Limited (CQC). In line with the generic CPA, the present CPAs, are type II; energy efficiency project activity involving distribution of efficient cookstoves. Each of these stoves qualify as a 'microscale CDM unit' as the energy saving per stove is below the microscale threshold.

The distribution of improved cook stoves have displaced the use of non-renewable biomass to meet similar thermal energy needs for cooking in households. Prior to project activity, the households were using traditional cookstoves with very low efficiency leading to consumption of copious amount of firewood for preparing meals. Thus, the project activity has resulted in a reduction of GHG emissions from the baseline scenario.

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Ecoeye Co., Ltd. (Ecoeye) and Korea Zinc Co. Ltd. (Korea Zinc) have fully financed all improved cooking stoves distributed to the households, and the total project cost per stove is USD 29.50.

Improved cookstove technology distributed under both the CPAs included in this monitoring report is SSM S32-13.



The following are the technical specifications of the stove

Parameter	Value
Thermal Efficiency	38.5%
Dimensions	24.5 cm height, 32 cm diameter
Material	 Stove Top: Cast Iron, Diameter 32 cm Stove Body: 0.6mm Stainless Steel, Grade 304 Grate Mouth: 1mm Stainless Steel, Grade 304 Combustion Chamber: Refractory Ceramic Chamber Metal Liner: 1mm Stainless Steel, Grade 201 Pot Skirt: Corrugated Adjustable Pot Skirt with Clip, 0.5mm Stainless Steel, Grade 201

Stove distribution for CPA 10030-P1-0003-CP1 started on 23rd October 2018 and this monitoring report covers a total of 851 units whereas stove distribution for CPA 10030-P1-0004-CP1 started on 24/01/2019 and 195 stoves have been distributed until the start of this monitoring period.

CPA Implementation details

CPA implementation details		
СРА	10030-P1-0003-CP1	10030-P1-0004-CP1
Total no of Stoves	851	195
Implementation Start date	23/10/2018	24/01/2019
Implementation end date (for current monitoring period)	01/11/2018	24/01/2019

C.2. Location of CPAs

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CPA 10030-P1-0003-CP1

The CPA has been implemented in Lao PDR.

Longitude:19° 51' 22.6"; Latitude:102° 29' 43.8" E

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Physical and geographical boundary of Lao PDR.

CPA 10030-P1-0004-CP1

The CPA has been implemented in Cambodia

Longitude:11° 59' 16.68" N ;Latitude:104° 58' 50.21" E



Physical and geographical boundary of Cambodia

C.3. Post-registration changes to CPAs

C.3.1. Temporary deviations from the monitoring plans in the included CPA-DDs, applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents

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C.3.2. Corrections

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PRC-10030-003 & PRC-10030-004

Version number of CPA DD-

1. Household appliance distribution in Lao PDR - CPA003; version 03.1

2. Household appliance distribution in Cambodia - CPA004; version 03.1

Version number of PoA DD- Version 21.0

Completion date of validation report- 14/05/2020

PRC Approval Date

PRC-10030-003: 10030-P1-0003-CP1 Household Appliance Distribution in Lao PDR-CPA003-05/07/2020² PRC-10030-004: 10030-P1-0004-CP1 Household Appliance Distribution in Cambodia-CPA004-05/07/2020³

Corrections that do not affect project design.

C.3.3. Changes to the start date of the crediting period

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Not applicable

C.3.4. Inclusion of monitoring plan

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Not applicable

C.3.5. Permanent changes to the included monitoring plans, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines, or other methodological regulatory documents

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Not applicable

C.3.6. Changes to project design

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Not applicable

C.3.7. Changes specific to afforestation or reforestation CPA

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Not applicable

SECTION D. Description of monitoring system of CPAs

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The monitoring plan for the CPA has been designed based on the requirements of the applied methodology. An electronic database for the project activity is maintained by the CME. this database is also accessible to the CME, CPA implementing body, and the verifying DOE.

The project database was populated during the distribution of appliances and will be updated based on subsequent replacements.,. The database includes the following general information:

- Installation date of appliance
- Unique ID number of appliance
- Name of recipient
- Contact details of recipient

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² https://cdm.unfccc.int/CPAPostRegChanges/DB/prcp316135586/view

³ https://cdm.unfccc.int/CPAPostRegChanges/DB/prcp482532165/view

• Location of household (village, district and/or GPS coordinates)

It also includes the following information specific to technology deployed:

- Baseline cooking fuel
- Baseline stove type
- Usage of any other ICS prior to project activity

Enumerators, coordinated by the CME, were trained on the basic concept of the programme and were introduced to the questionnaire before sending to the field. They were also made to fill sample questionnaires during the training process and problems faced during the test filling were shared and discussed to avoid similar problems in the actual survey..

Simple random sampling was used to select sample stoves. The sample size for each CPA was determined using the Standard: Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities Version 05.0. The level of precision has been selected as 95/10 as per paragraph 22 of the standard. (95% confidence interval and 10% margin of error). This is more conservative than the 90/10 confidence/precision as required by the PoA DD.

10030-P1-0003-CP1

Proportion Parameters		Mean Parameter			
Parameters	$N_{y,i,a}$	μ _{y,i}	$\eta_{new,i,a}$	η _{new,i,a=1}	B _{y=1,new,i,survey}
Relative Precision					
achieved-95/10	0%	0%	1.28%	0.65%	8.76%
Relative Precision					
achieved-90/10	0%	0%	1.0%	0.5%	7.5%

10030-P1-0004-CP1

Proportion Parameters		Mean Parameter			
Parameters	$N_{y,i,a}$	μ _{y,i}	η _{new,i,a}	η _{new,i,a=1}	B _{y=1,new,i,survey}
Relative Precision					
achieved-95/10	0%	0%	1.97%	0.84%	7.97%
Relative Precision					
achieved-90/10	0%	0%	1.6%	0.7%	7.7%

The parameters that have been measured by the monitoring survey is listed in the Sampling Plan. The number of total installed appliances (per type of installed appliance) has been multiplied by the percent of respective operational appliances to get the actual number of operational appliances for the present monitoring period. Samples have been selected randomly for each CPA from the electronic database. Operational appliances have been identified by asking the sample households if the appliance installed in his/her house is in use regularly or not as well as from physical verification.

End user information was collected during sale/distribution of the stoves to end users by representatives of CPA implementer/CME. This information was collated into an electronic database from which project monitoring has been conducted. The database and Excel records were sent to the CME for checking prior to using them as the basis for monitoring activities.

Monitoring tasks, such as monitoring surveys, as well as survey tests have been conducted by the CME . Survey and test results were filed in paper and analysed using Excel to compile reports. The integrity of data has been cross-checked to ensure consistency.

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SECTION E. Data and parameters

E.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

Data/Parameter	η _{old}
Unit	Fraction
Description	Efficiency of the pre-project device
Source of data	Fuelwood stove: Default value from AMS-II.G Version 6
Value(s) applied	10%
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	Fuelwood: Default value as per para 17 of AMS-II.G Version 6
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions
Additional comments	This value has been fixed ex-ante for the entire crediting period.

Data/Parameter	NCV _{biomass}
Unit	TJ/tonne
Description	Net calorific value of the non-renewable woody biomass that is substituted
Source of data	Default value from AMS-II.G Version 6
Value(s) applied	0.015
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	Default value as per para 13 of AMS-II.G Version 6 and 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Volume 2: Energy, Chapter 1: Introduction, Table 1.2 Default Net Calorific Values (NCVs) and lower and upper limits of the 95% confidence intervals
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions
Additional comments	This value has been fixed ex-ante for the entire crediting period.

Data/Parameter	EFprojected_fossil fuel
Unit	tCO ₂ /TJ
Description	Emission factor for the fossil fuels projected to be used for substitution of non- renewable woody biomass by similar consumers
Source of data	Default value from AMS-II.G Version 6
Value(s) applied	81.6
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	Default value as per para 13 of AMS-II.G Version 6
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions
Additional comments	This value has been fixed ex-ante for the entire crediting period.

Data/Parameter	$f_{NRB,y}$
Unit	Fraction
Description	Fraction of woody biomass saved by the project activity in year <i>y</i> that can be established as non-renewable biomass
Source of data	Registered PoA DD
Value(s) applied	Lao PDR: 0.88 Cambodia: 0.97

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Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	Calculated according to AMS II.G, version 6 using publicly available data
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions
Additional comments	This value has been fixed ex-ante for the entire crediting period.

Data/Parameter	L _y
Unit	Fraction
Description	Net to gross adjustment factor to account for leakage
Source of data	Default value from AMS-II.G Version 6
Value(s) applied	0.95
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	B _{y,savings,i,a} is multiplied by a net to gross adjustment factor of 0.95 to account for leakages related to the non-renewable woody biomass saved by the project activity.
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions
Additional comments	This value has been fixed ex-ante for the entire crediting period.

E.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data/Parameter	$N_{y,i,a}$			
Unit	Number			
Description	Number of project devices of type <i>i</i> and age <i>a</i> operating in year <i>y</i>			
Measured/calculated/ Default	measured			
Source of data	Annual household survey a	nd proje	ect database	
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP 851	1	10030-P1-000 195	4-CP1
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable			
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	annual			
	The proportion of sampled ICS found to be in operation during the monitoring period was applied to the total number of stoves for each CPA when calculating emission reductions.			
			-P1-0003-CP1	10030-P1-0004-CP1
Calculation method (if applicable)	Proportion of stoves found operational	100%		100%
	Number of operational stoves for the monitoring period=Total number of stoves sold and registered in CPA * proportion in operation			
QA/QC procedures	Each sale will be recorded in an electronic database along with the name of recipient, contact details, location of household (village, district and/or GPS coordinates and date of installation. Spot-check of data collection process would be done during on-going monitoring to ensure accuracy and transparency.			
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emi	ssions		

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Additional comments -

Data/Parameter	η _{new,i,a=1}				
Unit	Fraction				
Description	Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity in the year of its installation (a=1).				
Measured/calculated/ Default	measured				
Source of data	WBT test				
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP1 1003 38.50% 38.51		80-P1-0004-CP1 1%		
	representa	tives. Th	conducted by		ts were used.
	Instrumer		Model		Other details
Monitoring equipment	Weighing	Scale	My Weigh KD		Range: upto 8 kg capacity Calibration facility: As per manufacturer's specification according to which the instrument can be self calibrated with known 5 Kg weight. Instrument was calibrated as per manufacture's instructions prior to each testing. Calibration frequency: as and when required Purchase date-23/08/2019
	Digital Thermom	eter	Thomas Trace Kangaroo Thermometer	eable	Thermocouple Type: 7.5" Probe Length Range: -50 °C to 300 °C (± 1.1°C) Calibration facility:Calibrated by manufacturer on 17/05/2019. Calibration due date: 17/05/2021 Calibration frequency: Once in two years Purchase date-22/08/2019
	Moisture	meter	Extech MO210	0	Range- 6% to 44% for wood Calibration Facility- pre calibrated by manufacturer at the time of purchase (22/08/2019) Calibration frequency- not specified. Instrument measurement verification check was done according to steps specified by manufacturer prior to each testing. Purchase date-24/08/2019
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	Once at the time of stove installation				
Calculation method (if applicable)	The efficiency was determined for cold start phase and hot start phase and then averaged for each stove.				
QA/QC procedures	WBT protocol 4.2.3 has been used for determination of this parameter.				
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation	of base	line emissions		

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Additional comments	none

Data/Parameter	η _{new,i,a}			
Unit	Fraction			
Description	Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity with age 'a'			
Measured/calculated/ default	measured	measured		
Source of data	WBT test			
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP1 10030-P1-0004-CP1 38.46% 38.48%			
Monitoring equipment	The tests were representatives. The Instrument Weighing Scale Digital Thermometer Moisture meter		Calibration facility: As per manufacture's specification according to which the instrument can be self calibrated with known 5kg weights. Calibration frequency: As and when required. The instrument was calibrated as per manufacturer's instructions prior to each testing Purchase date-23/08/2019 able Thermocouple Type: 7.5" Probe Length Range: -50 °C to 300 °C (± 1.1°C) Calibration facility:Calibrated by manufacturer on 17/05/2019. Calibration due date: 17/05/2021 Calibration frequency: Once in two years Purchase date-22/08/2019	
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	annually			
Calculation method (if applicable)	The efficiency was determined for cold start phase and hot start phase and then averaged for each stove.			
QA/QC procedures	This parameter was determined using WBT protocol 4.2.3.			
Purpose of data/parameter	Calculation of baseline emissions			
Additional comments	none			

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Data/Parameter	$\Delta\eta_{y,i,a}$		
Unit	Fraction		
Description	Factor to consider the efficiency aging at the year <i>y</i>	i loss of the project device type i due to its	
Measured/calculated/ default	calculated		
Source of data	WBT		
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP1 0.9989	10030-P1-0004-CP1 0.9992	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable		
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	annually		
	Calculated as:		
Calculation method (if applicable)	$\Delta \eta_{y,ia,} = rac{\eta_{new,i,a}}{\eta_{new,i,a=1}}$		
QA/QC procedures	N/A		
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculation		
Additional comments	none		

Data/Parameter	B _{y=1,new,i,survey}		
Unit	t/year/device		
Description	Annual quantity of woody biomass used during the project activity in tonnes per device of type <i>i</i>		
Measured/calculated/ default	measured		
Source of data	Sample survey		
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP1 1.163	10030-P1-0004-CP1 1.144	
Monitoring equipment	American Weigh Scales AMW-S Calibration facility: pre calibrated as per manufacturer's specificati	ghed using following monitoring equipment. R-20 Yellow Digital hanging Scale I by manufacturer. The scale was recalibrated on on 05/09/2019 & 06/09/2019 for on 11/09/2019 and 12/09/2019 for nen required.	
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	Once during first year of CPA ins	stallation	

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Calculation method (if applicable)	In order to monitor B _{y=1,new,i,survey} , the CME undertook measurement of biomass used in the project stove for each of the sampled households. The survey was undertaken between 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM thus enabling surveyors to conduct the survey at a time when most of the households would be preparing for major meals. The respondents were asked to make bundles of firewood that they consume during cooking all meals in a day. This bundle was measured. For households where respondents were found using only project stove, this bundle represented the amount of wood used in the project stove in a day. However, for households where a baseline stove was used, the respondents were further asked to separate from the bundle, the wood that they use on project stove. Measuring the second bundle gave the amount of wood that was used on project stove. Moreover, prior to conducting the actual monitoring in September 2019, the CME had also conducted pilot survey in the months of March and May in the same year. The result of this survey also showed similar trend in use of woody biomass in project stoves. The pilot survey was conducted in other season (dry whereas actual survey was in wet) and showed similar consumption figures and no significant seasonal variation was observed in the use of woody biomass.
QA/QC procedures	Standard calibrated scales were used by trained staff to carry out the measurements.
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comments	none

Data/Parameter	By, savings,i,a					
Unit	t/annum/device					
Description	Quantity of woody biomass that is saved in tonnes per cook stove device of type <i>i</i> and age <i>a</i> in year <i>y</i>					
Measured/calculated/ default	calculated					
Source of data	Calculated from B _{y=1,new,i,survey}					
Value(s) of monitored parameter	10030-P1-0003-CP1 10030-P1-0004-CP1 3.1 3					
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable					
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	Calculated annually					
Calculation method (if applicable)	$B_{y,savings,i,a} = B_{y=1,new,i,survey} \times (\frac{\eta_{new,i,a=1} \times \Delta \eta_{y,i,a}}{\eta_{old}} - 1)$					
QA/QC procedures	Calculated parameter based on results of B _{y=1,new,i,survey} survey and cook stove efficiency testing					
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculation					
Additional comments	none					

Data/Parameter	$\mu_{y,i}$
Unit	Days
Description	Number of days of utilization of the cook stove device of type i during the year y
Measured/calculated/ default	measured
Source of data	Sample survey

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Value(s) of monitored parameter		10030-P1-0004-CP1				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable					
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	Annually					
Calculation method (if applicable)	The survey was designed to capture cooking habits and stove usage of households by formulating questions to determine the frequency of usage of both the project devices and baseline devices. Respondents were questioned on the use of project as well as baseline device for cooking meals in households on an everyday as well as weekly basis and same was used for determining the number of days of project stove utilization.					
QA/QC procedures	Sampling was conducted by applying the 95/10 confidence precision for the sample size calculation.					
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculation					
Additional comments	As equation 6 has been applied for determining B _{y, savings, i, a} hence the biomass consumption of project devices are directly measured. The emission reduction calculation is based solely on consumption of fuel wood in project devices as a result the continued use of baseline devices do not have any effect on the emission reduction. This is further confirmed in the recenversions of the methodology.					

E.3. Implementation of sampling plan

>>

(a) Sampling Design

Due to the large number of ICSs distributed as part of the CPA, it was not economically feasible to monitor each individual ICS distributed. Therefore, representative sampling was undertaken as part of a SSC-CPA-wide Sampling Plan that is designed in line with the requirements of the "Standard for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programme of activities" from EB86, Annex 3 (the *Sampling standard*). Therefore separate sampling was conducted for both the CPAs that is 10030-P1-0003-CP1 and 10030-P1-0004-CP1.

(i) Objective and Reliability Requirements:

The objective was to obtain an unbiased and reliable estimate of the proportion or mean value of the following key variables over the course of the crediting period, and with 95/10 confidence/prevision.

Monitored Parameters:

Sampling was carried out for individual CPAs for following parameters

Lao PDR- 10030-P1-0003-CP1						
Parameter Sample size- Minimum size of Sample size- Actual sample size 20% non response						
Number of project devices of type <i>i</i> and age <i>a</i> operating in year <i>y</i>	50		yes	60		50

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Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity with age ' <i>a</i> '	3	No. Student's t- distribution was used to calculate the sample size- resulting in 7 samples	9	7
Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity in the year of its installation (a=1).	3	No. Student's t-distribution was used to calculate the sample sizeresulting in 7 samples	9	7
Number of days of utilization of the project device during the year 'y'	4	No. A sample size of 50 was used which is more than minimum requirement of 30.	5	50
Annual quantity of woody biomass used during the project activity in tonnes per device of type <i>i</i>	41	Yes. A sample size of 50 was used.	49	50

	Cambodia-10030-P1-0004-CP1						
Parameter	Sample size- calculated	Minimum size of 30 achieved	Sample size- 20% non response	Actual sample size			
Number of project devices of type <i>i</i> and age <i>a</i> operating in year <i>y</i>	42	yes	51	48			
Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity with age 'a'	3	No. Student's t-distribution was used to calculate the sample sizeresulting in 7 samples	9	7			
Thermal efficiency of the device of type <i>i</i> being deployed as part of the project activity in the year of its installation (a=1).	3	No. Student's t- distribution was used to calculate the sample size- resulting in 7 samples	9	7			
Number of days of utilization of the project device during the year 'y'	4	No. A sample size of 48 was used which is more than minimum requirement of 30.	5	48			
Annual quantity of woody biomass used during the project activity in tonnes per device of	35	Yes. A sample size of 48 was used.	43	48			

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type i		

(ii) Target Populations:

The target population for the five parameters stated above is, all ICS recorded in the project database.

(iii) Sampling Frame

Single sample frame was determined for parameters $N_{y,i,a}$, $\mu_{y,i}$ and $B_{y=1,\text{new},i,\text{survey}}$ and separate sampling frames were determined for parameters $\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$ and $\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$ and $\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$.

(iv) Sampling Method

Considering the homogenous nature of target population, 'Simple Random Sampling' was used in which unbiased random selection of individual households was carried out to ensure that from the many samples which are drawn, the average sample accurately represented the target population.

(v) Sample Size

For the estimation of the proportion or mean value of the parameters investigated, the minimum sample size for each sample frame has to achieve the 95/10 confidence/precision for annual sampling. Of the five parameters to be monitored, two are proportion/percentage parameters ($N_{y,i,a}$, $\mu_{y,i}$) and three are mean value parameters ($\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$, $\eta_{\text{new},i,a=1}$, $B_{y=1,\text{new},i,\text{survey}}$).

The sample size calculated as per the simple random sampling approach for the required parameters are mentioned in the table below.

10030-P1-0003-CP1

Proportion Parameters							
Parameters	$N_{y,i,a}$	reference document	μу,і	reference document			
Population size	851	database	851	database			
confidence/precision	95/10		95/10				
calculated sample size	ze						
(minimum)	50	calculated	4	calculated			
actual sample size	50	HH survey sheet	50	HH survey sheet			
actual proportion	1	HH survey sheet	1	HH survey sheet			
Relative Precision							
achieved	0%	calculated	0%	calculated			

Mean Parameter						
		reference		reference		reference
Parameters	η _{new,i,a=1}	document	$\eta_{new,i,a}$	document	B _{y=1,new,i,survey}	document
Population size	851	database	851	database	851	database
confidence/precision	95/10		95/10		95/10	
calculated sample						
size (minimum)	7	calculated	7	calculated	41	Calculated
	•	- Carcaracea	-	calculated		Carcaracca
	,	HH survey	-	HH survey	72	Carcaratea
actual sample size	7		7		50	HH survey sheet
		HH survey		HH survey		
actual sample size	7	HH survey sheet	7	HH survey sheet	50	HH survey sheet
actual sample size Actual mean	7 0.3850	HH survey sheet WBT sheet	7 0.3846	HH survey sheet WBT sheet	50 3.1878	HH survey sheet HH survey sheet

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10030-P1-0004-CP1

Proportion Parameters							
Parameters	$N_{y,i,a}$	reference document	$\mu_{y,i}$	reference document			
Population size	195	database	195	database			
confidence/precision	95/10		95/10				
calculated sample							
size (minimum)	42	calculated	4	calculated			
actual sample size	48	HH Survey data	48	HH Survey data			
actual proportion	1	HH Survey data	1	HH Survey data			
Relative Precision							
achieved	0%	calculated	0%	calculated			

Mean Parameter							
	reference reference reference						
Parameters	η _{new,i,a=1}	document	$\eta_{new,i,a}$	document	B _{y=1,new,i,survey}	document	
Population size	195	database	195	database	195	database	
confidence/precision	95/10		95/10		95/10		
calculated sample							
size (minimum)	7	calculated	7	calculated	35	Calculated	
actual sample size	7	WBT sheet	7	WBT sheet	48	HH survey sheet	
Actual mean	0.3851	WBT sheet	0.3848	WBT sheet	3.134	HH survey sheet	
Actual SD	0.0036	WBT sheet	0.0084	WBT sheet	0.9911	HH survey sheet	
Relative Precision							
achieved	0.8%	calculated	1.97%	calculated	7.97%	calculated	

On estimating the sample size, 20% of non-response has been considered and thus total of 60 households (for 10030-P1-0003-CP1) and 51 households (for 10030-P1-0004-CP1) were targeted for estimating parameters N_{y,i,a}, B_{y=1,new,i,survey} and μ y,i and 9 households each for both the CPAs were targeted for parameter $\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$ and $\eta_{\text{new},i,a=1}$, however the survey was stopped once the number reached 50 for CPA - 10030-P1-0003-CP1 and 48 for CPA- 10030-P1-0003-CP1 as the minimum sample size for each was achieved. For $\eta_{\text{new},i,a}$, and $\eta_{\text{new},i,a=1}$ as sample size of 7 was the minimum required number hence WBT tests for same were conducted.

Information about the precision achieved demonstrates that the required confidence/precision level has been met.

formulas used in the sampling:

Minimum sample size and overall variance for proportional parameters were calculated based on equations (4&5) and (7&8); minimum sample size and overall variance for mean parameters were calculated based on equations (18) and (13&14) of CDM Guideline "Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities", Version 04.0.

(b) Data:

(i) Field Measurements:

The method of collecting data was field surveys and WBT tests of required sample size selected randomly from the database.

The surveys as well as WBT tests were conducted by CPA implementer staff with guidance from the CME, and enumerators were trained prior to conducting surveys and WBT tests. Survey and test results were

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recorded on paper on the spot and were later transferred into Excel files which was used for further analysis and calculation of CERs to compile reports.

(ii) Quality Assurance/Quality Control

The required confidence and precision were met for all parameters. The sample size calculation is provided to verifying DOE.

a.Data archiving

Hard copies of the surveys have been maintained and the registration database has a back up. A back-up of the registration database has also been stored in an electronic medium by the CME. All data monitored and required for verification and issuance will be kept for two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs for the project activity, whichever is later.

b.Analysis

Data obtained from the samples were used to estimate proportions and mean values for the parameters described above. The values were then factored into the emissions reduction calculations.

c.Implementation

The sampling was conducted by trained personnel, who were part of the CPA Implementer team. The CPA Implementer is responsible for managing household data collection and entry into the project database. Field personnel received training on how to properly deal with surveying techniques and reduce errors.

SECTION F. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

F.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net removals

>>

Emission Reductions

Emission reductions have been calculated as:

$$ER_{y} = \sum_{i} ER_{y,i}$$

Where,

i Indices for the situation where more than one type of project device is introduced to replace the pre-project devices

ER_y Emission reductions during year y in t CO2e

ER_{v,i} Emission reductions by project device of type *i* during year *y* in t CO2e

$$ER_{y,i} = \sum_{i}^{a=y} B_{y,savings,i,a} \times N_{y,i,a} \times \frac{\mu_{y,i}}{365} \times f_{NRB,y} \times NCV_{biomass} \times EF_{projected_fossil\ fuel} - LE_{y,i} \times F_{projected_fossil\ fuel} + LE_{y,i} \times F_{projected_fossil\ f$$

Where,

A 'a' is the indices for the age (in years) of the cook stoves that are operating in the year

'y' of the crediting period.

B_{y,savings,i,a} Quantity of woody biomass that is saved in tonnes per cook stove device of type *i* and

age a in year y

 $f_{NRB,y}$ Fraction of woody biomass saved by the project activity in year y that can be

established as non-renewable biomass using survey methods or government data or default country specific fraction of non-renewable woody biomass (f_{NRB}) values

available on the CDM website

NCV_{biomas} Net calorific value of the non-renewable woody biomass that is substituted

EF_{projected_fossil fuel} Emission factor for the fossil fuels projected to be used for substitution of non-

renewable woody biomass by similar consumers

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 $N_{\text{y},i,a} \\$ Number of project devices of type i and age a operating in year y Number of days of utilization of the project device during the year y μу,і

Leakage emissions in the year y LΕ_ν

In line with paragraph 14 of the methodology, By,savings,i,a has been estimated using option 2 that is water boiling test (WBT)

Under WBT option, 2 options are given to determine By,savings,i,a.

Equation 6 has been used for calculating By, savings, i, a

$$B_{y,savings,i,a} = B_{y=1,new,i,survey} \times (\frac{\eta_{new,i,a=1} \times \Delta \eta_{y,i,a}}{\eta_{old}} - 1)$$

Where,

 $B_{y=1,new,i,survey}$

Annual quantity of woody biomass used by project devices in tonnes per device of type i, determined in the first year of the introduction of the devices (e.g. during the first year of the crediting period, y=1) through a sample survey. Sample surveys to estimate this parameter, that are solely based on questionnaires or interviews (i.e. that do not implement measurement campaigns) may only be used if the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) Pre-project devices have been completely decommissioned and only efficient project devices are exclusively used in the project households;
- (b) If multiple devices are used in the project, it is possible from the results of the survey questions to clearly differentiate the quantity of woody biomass being used by each device. In other words, if more than one device, or another device that consumes woody biomass, are in use in project households, then the sample survey needs to distinguish the quantity of biomass used by the project device and the other devices that use biomass.

 η_{old}

Efficiency of the pre-project device (fraction)

 $\eta_{\text{new,i,a=1}}$

Thermal efficiency of the device of type i being deployed as part of the project activity (fraction), using the WBT protocol carried out in accordance with national standards (if available) or international standards or guidelines, for the initial efficiency determined in the year of its installation (a=1).

Factor to consider the efficiency loss of the project device type i due to its aging at the $\Delta \eta_{y,i,a}$

year y, as expressed as follows:

$$\Delta \eta_{y,i,a} = \frac{\eta_{new,i,a}}{\eta_{new,i,a=1}}$$

where $\eta_{\text{new,i,a}}$ is the thermal efficiency of the device 'i' with age 'a' determined using the WBT and $\eta_{\text{new},i,a=1}$ is the thermal efficiency of the device at its first year of operation. $\Delta \eta_{v,i,a}$ may be determined through sample surveys of project device type i with the same age at each year of the crediting period.

For CPA 10030-0003

Parameter	Description	Value	Unit	Source
	Fraction of woody biomass saved by the project activity in year y that			
	can be established as non-			
f _{NRB,y}	renewable biomass	0.88	Fraction	Registered PoA DD
				Default from AMS.II-
NCV _{biomass}	Net Calorific Value of biomass	0.015	TJ/tonne	G version 6
	Emission factor of the fossil fuel			Default from AMS.II-
EFprojected_fossilfuel	most likely to be adopted	81.6	tCO ₂ e/TJ	G version 6
				Default from AMS.II-
L	Leakage adjustment factor	0.95	Fraction	G version 6

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	Efficiency of the system being			Default from AMS.II-
η _{old}	replaced	0.10	Fraction	G version 6
				Calculated from
	Thermal efficiency of project device			results of sampling
η _{new,i,a=1}	in the year of its installation (age=1)	0.3850	Fraction	survey
				Calculated from
	Thermal efficiency of the project			results of sampling
η _{new,i,a}	cookstove of age 'a'	0.3846	Fraction	survey
	Factor to consider the efficiency			
	loss of the project stove due to its			
Δη _{y,i,a}	aging at the year y	0.9989	Fraction	calculated
				Calculated from
	Number of stoves still in operation			results of sampling
$N_{y,i,a}$	during the monitoring period	851	Quantity	survey
	Number of days of utilization of the			Clarification
$\mu_{\mathrm{y,i}}$	cook stove device during the year	365	days	SSC_713
	Annual quantity of woody biomass		,	Calculated from
	used during the project activity in			results of sampling
B _{y=1,new,i,survey}	tonnes per cookstove	1.1635	Tonnes/yr	survey
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Quantity of woody biomass that is			
B _{y,savings}	saved	3.1	Tonnes/yr	Calculated
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Emission reductions during the year			Calculated (round
ERy	y in tCO₂e	2,883	tCO₂e/yr	down)
	Emission reduction for 53 days of			
ERy,monitoring period	monitoring period	419	tCO₂e	Calculated

For CPA 10030-0004

For CPA 10030-				
Parameter	Description	Value	Unit	Source
	Fraction of woody biomass saved by			
	the project activity in year y that can			1
,	be established as non-renewable	0.07		Registered PoA
f _{NRB,y}	biomass	0.97	Fraction	DD
NOV	Not Called to Male and Linear and	0.045	T 1/1	Default from
NCV _{biomass}	Net Calorific Value of biomass	0.015	TJ/tonne	AMS.II-G version 6
	Emission factor of the fossil fuel most			Default from
EFprojected_fossilfuel	likely to be adopted	81.6	tCO ₂ e/TJ	AMS.II-G version 6
				Default from
L	Leakage adjustment factor	0.95	Fraction	AMS.II-G version 6
	Efficiency of the system being			Default from
η_{old}	replaced	0.10	Fraction	AMS.II-G version 6
				Calculated from
	Thermal efficiency of project device in			results of sampling
ηnew,i,a=1	the year of its installation (age=1)	0.3851	Fraction	survey
				Calculated from
	Thermal efficiency of the project	0.0040		results of sampling
η _{new,i,a}	cookstove of age 'a'	0.3848	Fraction	survey
	Factor to consider the efficiency loss			
Δ	of the project stove due to its aging at	0.0000	-	
Δη _{y,i,a}	the year y	0.9992	Fraction	calculated
	Niverbar of stayes still in an austicus			Calculated from
NI .	Number of stoves still in operation	105	Ougatitu	results of sampling
$N_{y,i,a}$	during the monitoring period	195	Quantity	survey
	Number of days of utilization of the			Clarification
$\mu_{y,i}$	cook stove device during the year	365	days	SSC_713
	Annual quantity of woody biomass			Calculated from
	used during the project activity in			results of sampling
B _{y=1,new,i,survey}	tonnes per cookstove	1.144	Tonnes/yr	survey
B _{y,savings}	Quantity of woody biomass that is	3	Tonnes/yr	Calculated

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	saved			
ERy	Emission reductions during the year y in tCO ₂ e	716	tCO₂e	Calculated (round down)
ERy,monitoring period	Emission reduction for 53 days of monitoring period	104	tCO₂e	Calculated

F.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net removals

>>

Not applicable

F.3. Calculation of leakage emissions

>>

Not applicable

F.4. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

CPA UNFCCC	Baseline GHG emissions or heading not		Leakage GHG	GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals (t CO₂e)			
reference number	baseline net GHG removals (t CO ₂ e)	GHG removals (t CO ₂ e)	emissions (t CO₂e)	Before 01/01/2013	From 01/01/2013	Total amount	
10030-P1- 0003-CP1	419	0	0	0	419	419	
10030-P1- 0004-CP1	104	0	0	0	104	104	
Total	523	0	0	0	523	523	

F.5. Comparison of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals achieved with estimates in the included CPA-DDs

CPA UNFCCC reference number	Amount achieved during this monitoring period (t CO ₂ e)	Amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DD (t CO ₂ e)	
10030-P1-0003-CP1	419	720	
10030-P1-0004-CP1	104	266	
Total	523	986	

F.5.1. Explanation of calculation of "amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DD"

>>

	Projected ICS	tCO₂e/year as per CPA DD	Actual ICS installed	tCO₂e/year as per actual ICS installed	No. of days (for comparable period)	tCO₂e
10030-P1-0003-CP1	50,000	291630	851	4963	53	720
10030-P1-0004-CP1	50,000	470933	195	1836	53	266

F.6. Remarks on increase in achieved emission reductions

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Decrease in achieved emission reduction is due to difference in the value of B_{y=1,new,i,survey}.

F.7. Remarks on scale of small-scale CPAs

>> N/A

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Document information

Version	Date	Description
03.0 31 May 2019		Revision to:
		 Ensure consistency with version 02.0 of the "CDM project standard for programmes of activities" (CDM-EB93-A07- STAN);
		 Add a section on remarks on the observance of the scale limit of small-scale CPAs during the crediting periods;
		 Add "changes specific to afforestation or reforestation activities/CPA" as a possible post-registration changes;
		 Clarify the reporting of net anthropogenic GHG removals for A/R PoAs between two commitment periods;
		 Make structural and editorial improvements.
02.0	7 June 2017	Revision to:
		 Ensure consistency with version 01.0 of the "CDM project standard for programmes of activities (CDM-EB93-A07- STAN);
		Make editorial improvements.
01.0	1 April 2015	Initial publication.

Decision Class: Regulatory Document Type: Form Business Function: Issuance

Keywords: monitoring report, programme of activities

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